## How to Make a Paracord Survival Bracelet

## What is Paracord?

Paracord (parachute cord) is a lightweight nylon rope originally used in the suspension lines of US parachutes during World War II. Once in the field, paratroopers found this cord useful for many other tasks.

This versatile cord is now used as a general purpose utility cord by both military personnel and civilians.

The braided sheath comes in a variety of colors and its 7 inner strands provide a multitude of uses. Typical uses include attaching equipment to harnesses, as strapping to avoid losing small or important items, tying items to vehicle racks, securing nets to trees or vehicles, tourniquets, etc.


The inner strands of the core can also be removed when finer string is needed. Uses include sewing thread to repair gear, fishing line, tripwire, nets, traps, and other emergency and/or survival situations.

The nylon sheath is often used alone (the strands in the core removed) when a thinner or less elastic cord is needed, such as when used as a boot lace. The ends of the cord can easily be melted to prevent fraying.

## Paracord Bracelets

In addition to purely utility uses, paracord can be used to fashion knotted or braided bracelets, lanyards, keychains, belts, and other decorative items.

Paracord survival bracelets are worn around the world. They are a great way to carry around a fair amount of paracord with you in case of any emergency situation. Although the paracord bracelet is made to hold securely on your wrist while you are wearing it, it can be unraveled and the paracord can help you in a number of the afore-mentioned scenarios.

Even if not used for emergency/survival purposes, paracord bracelets are not simply a fashion statement--

Paracord bracelets are a symbol of supporting our military and first responders!

## What You Will Need to Make a Paracord Survival Bracelet:

- 550 lb. Paracord
- $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ curved plastic side-release buckle
- scissors
- lighter
- apparatus to hold bracelet in place while weaving (see separate post for instructions)

The amount of paracord used can vary, but we will use 8 ft in this tutorial. Typically, the amount of paracord used for the bracelet is about 1 foot for every 1 inch of knotted bracelet length.

$3 / 8$ " curved plastic buckle
Supplies needed

## Step One: Measure Paracord

Measure and cut an 8 ft piece of paracord. Match up two ends and find the center of the piece:


## Step Two: Thread Through the Buckle



Look at the top of the plastic buckle and find the seam where the two pieces (male and female) connect. This seam should be on the right side of the buckle:

Insert the apex of the loop from the top of the right side of the buckle, down through the opening:


Continue threading the apex of the loop over the top of the left side of the buckle and down through the opening:


Now, open the buckle:


Pull the loop over the top of the female part of the buckle...

...and pull it taut:


Determine the size of the bracelet by attaching it loosely around your wrist. (You might want to add another inch to your measured wrist length just for wiggle room and comfortability.) Unbuckle the bracelet and carefully retain the distance between to two buckles.

Attach the female part of buckle at bottom of your weaving apparatus (the buckles on the apparatus may be adjusted to fit your wrist measurement).


Click the male part of the buckle at the top of the weaving apparatus. When both parts of the buckle are connected to the apparatus, pull on the free ends to prepare for weaving:


## Step Three: Weave

Tie a simple knot underneath the vertical cords of the bracelet:


Pull the free ends of the cord out to the side to tighten:


Notice that the cord on the right points down and the cord on the left points up. These positions will alternate with each weave. Always begin your weave with the cord that is pointing down:


Cross the right cord over the vertical cords to the left side:


Take the top left cord and pull it down over the bottom cord.

...then under the vertical cords, and up through the loop on the right:


Pull the free ends out to the side to tighten:


Now, notice the cord on the left is pointing down and the cord on the right is pointing up. Start your next weave by crossing the left cord over the vertical cords to the right side:


Take the top right cord and pull it down over the bottom cord...

...then under the vertical cords, and up through the loop on the left:


Pull the free ends out to the side to tighten:


Repeat each weave...

... until you get all the way to the bottom:


Note: If you don't alternate the weaves, the pattern will not look consistent. Simply undo the last knot and alternate it to correct.

Detach bracelet from the apparatus and turn it over with female part of buckle at top:


Tuck in end of cord to underside of bracelet:


## Step Four: Cut and Gut

Trim ends of cord to approximately $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ :


Press ends to open up and expose inner white strands:


Remove as much of the white strands as possible (gut). The outer shell of the paracord will melt together easier without the inner strands.


Step Five: Burn and Turn
Burn the gutted ends with the lighter:


When the ends begin to melt...

...quickly turn it over and press the melted ends against the side of the lighter to seal the ends together:


You must be careful with this step! The melted paracord is extremely hot, and it's possible to get burned.

After a few seconds, the melted paracord will harden. Turn the lighter (twist it) to release the bracelet from the lighter.

The underneath part of the bracelet should look something like this:


It ain't pretty, but who's gonna see it, eh?

Here's a closer look:


And here's the finished bracelet:


It takes a little practice, but once you get the hang of it, you will be a pro!
If you would like to make and donate paracord bracelets for a good cause:

## SHIP TO:

Operation Gratitude/California Army National Guard
17330 Victory Boulevard
Van Nuys, CA 91406
Attn: Rich Hernandez


